

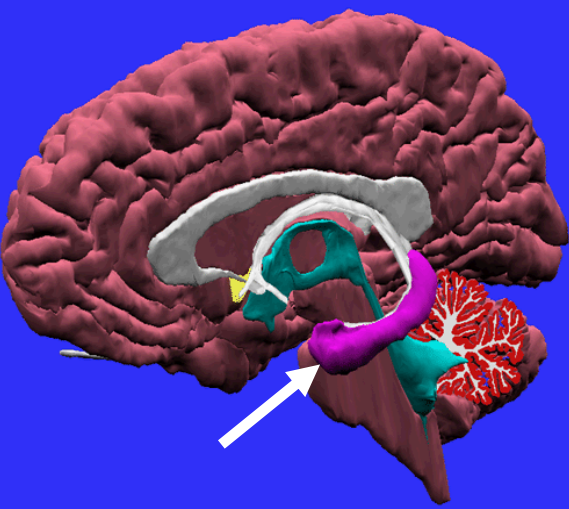
# Neuromorphic VLSI Tutorial

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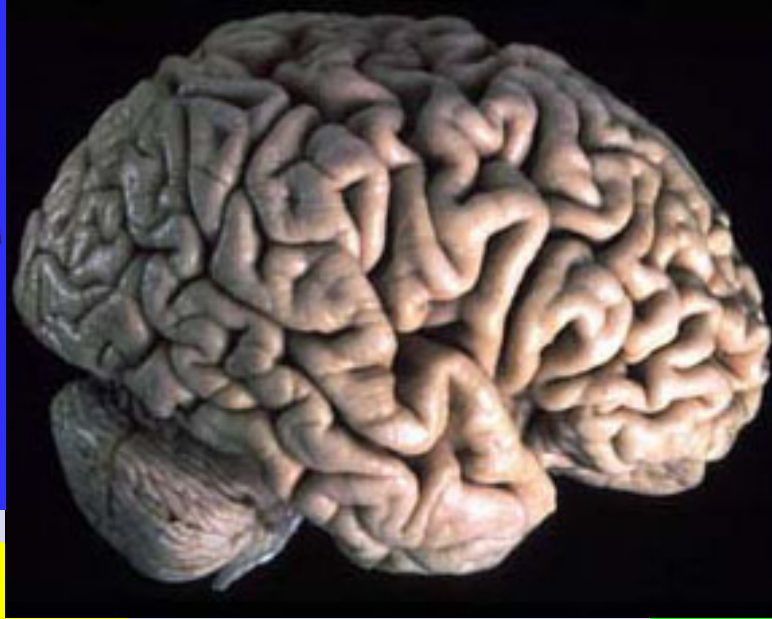
john arthur

# Studying the brain

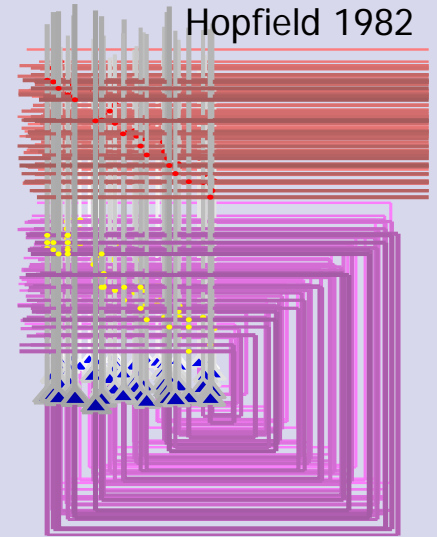
Digital anatomist, UW



Williams et al 1999



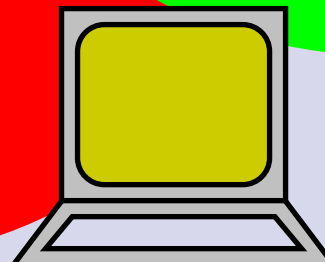
Hopfield 1982



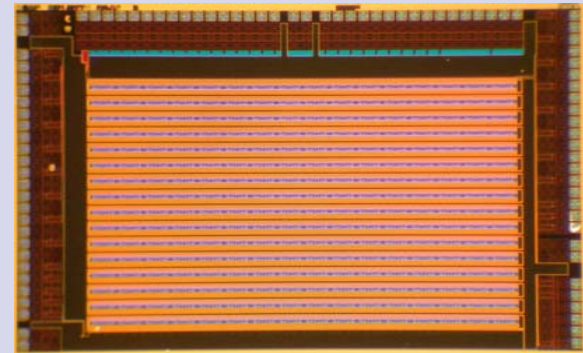
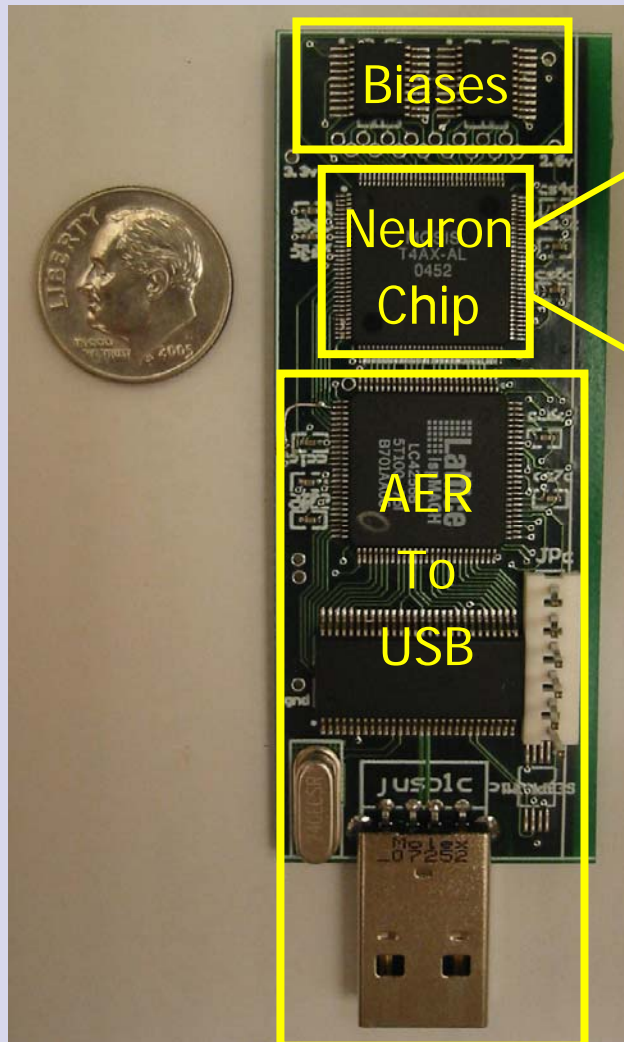
Experiment

Theory

Simulation/  
Emulation

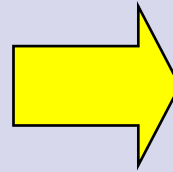
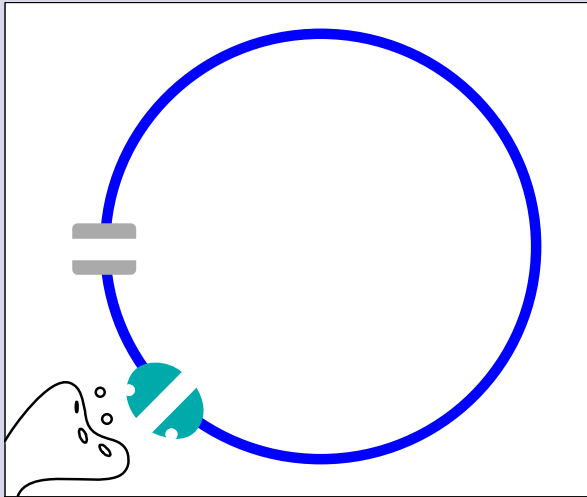


# A Neuron Chip



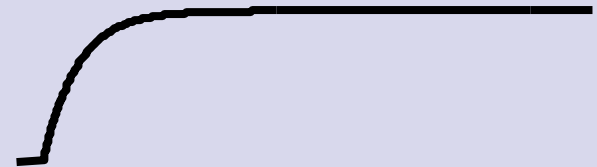
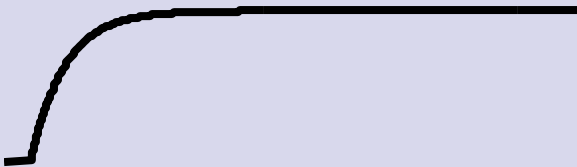
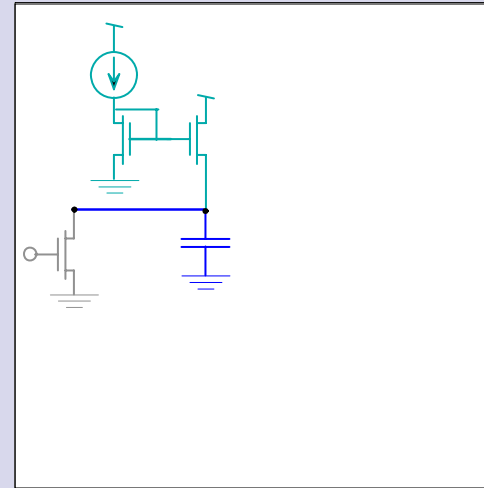
- ◆ 256 inhibitory neurons
- ◆ 1024 excitatory neurons
  - ◆ 21 plastic synapses each
- ◆ ~750,000 transistors
- ◆ 1-5mW

# Neuron engineering

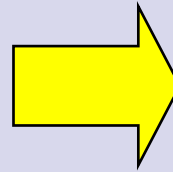
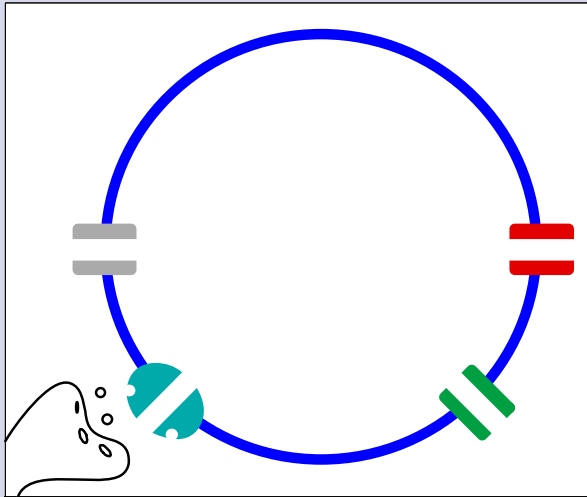


Leak channels

AMPA channels



# Neuron engineering

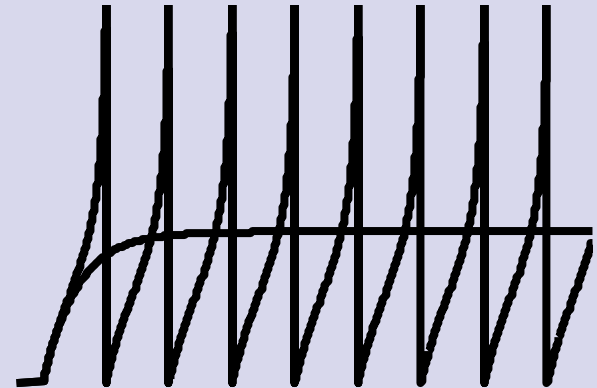
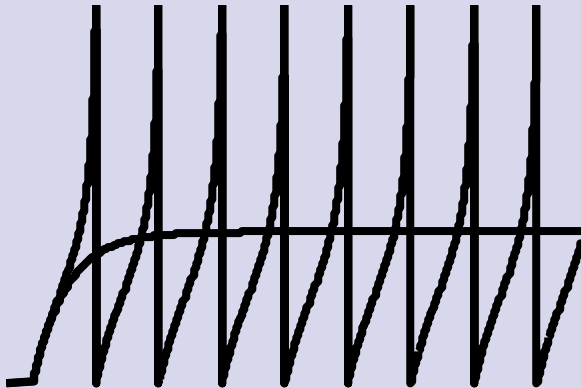
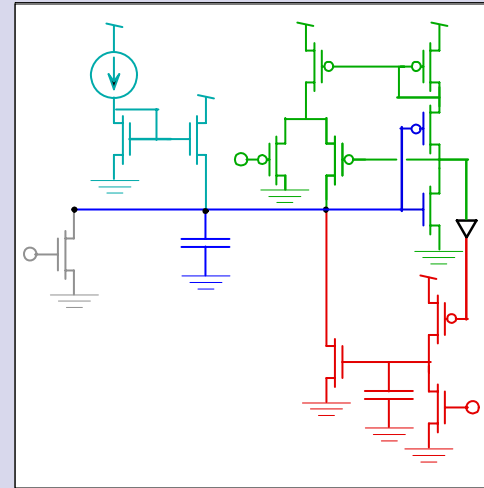


Leak channels

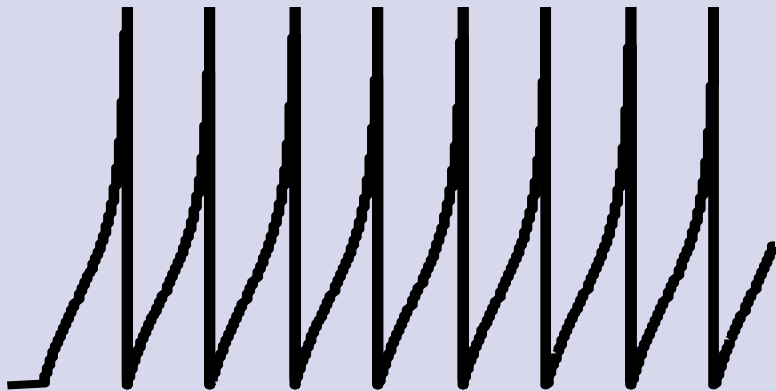
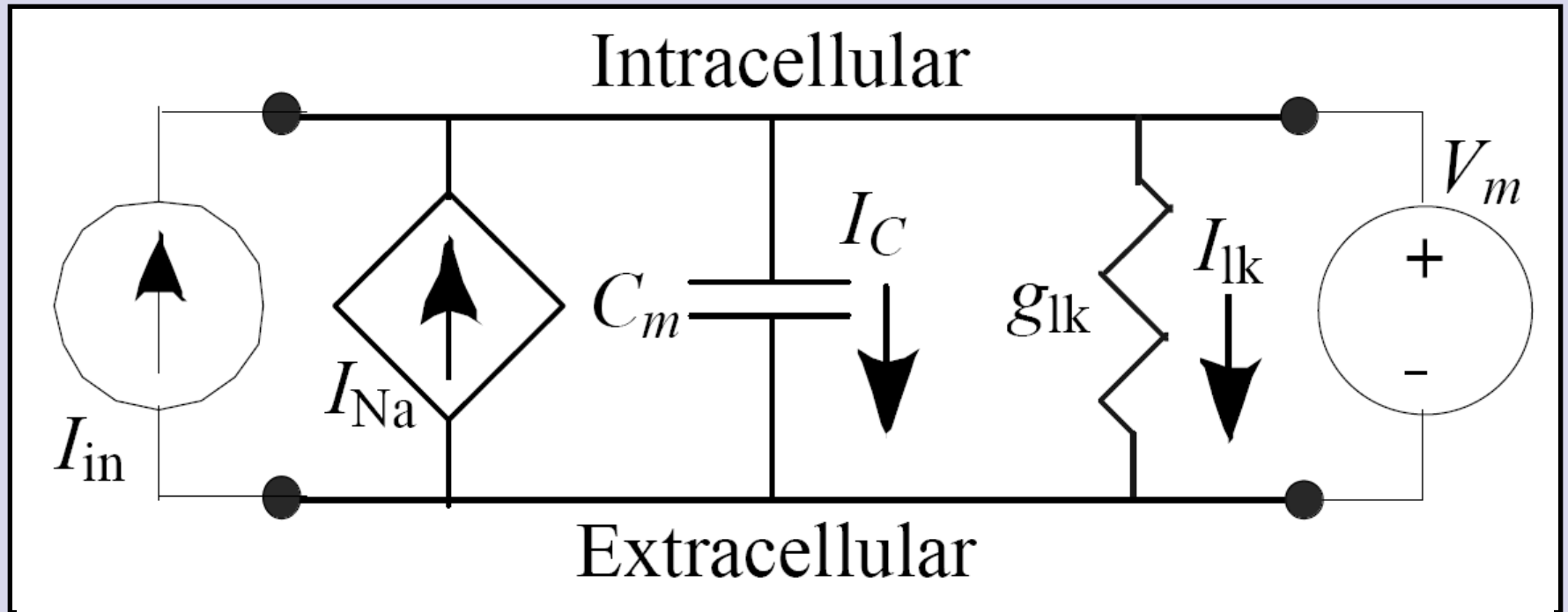
AMPA channels

Na channels

K channels



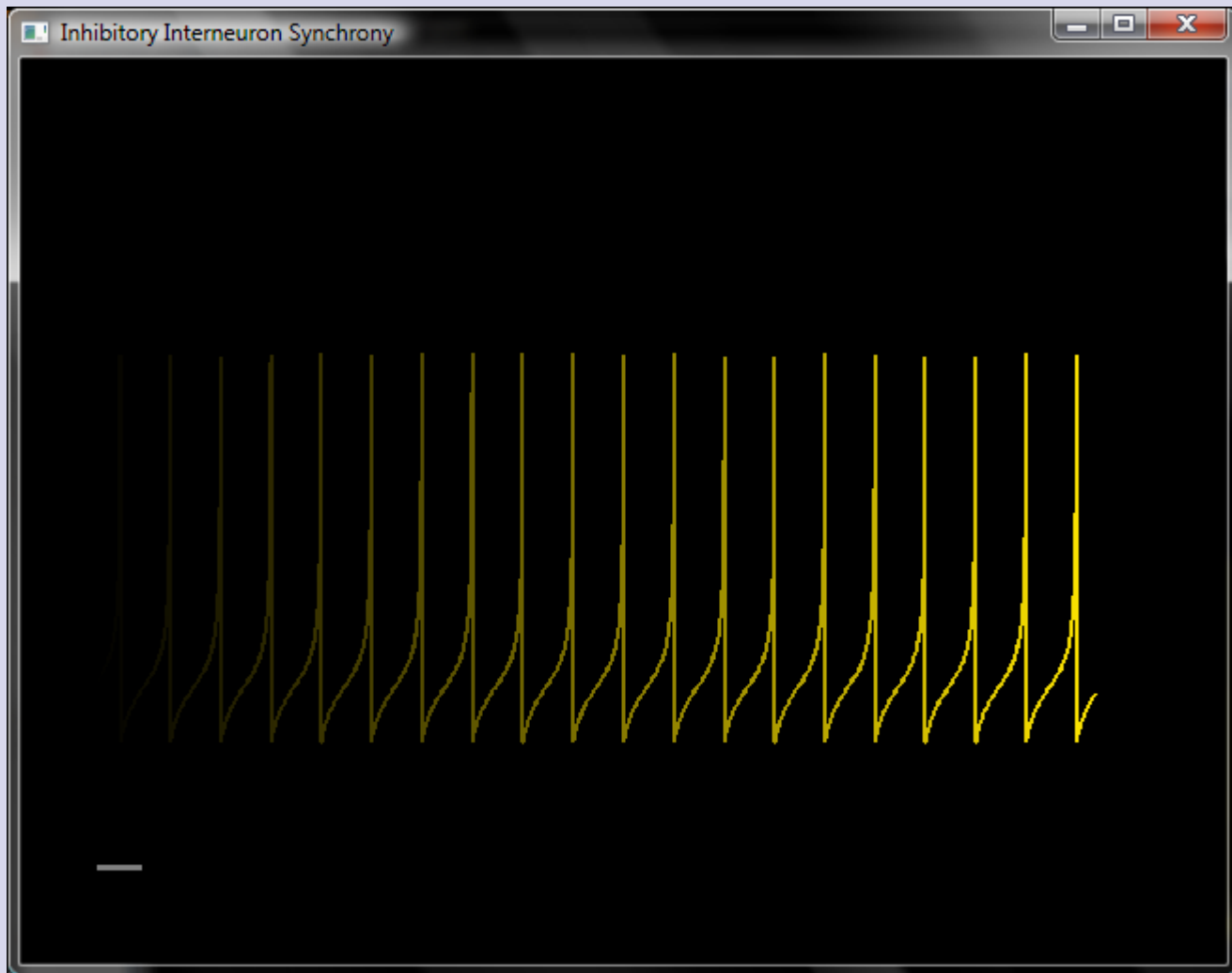
# Spiking neuron



$$\tau \frac{dv}{dt} = -v + r + \frac{v^3}{3}$$

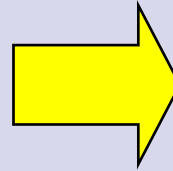
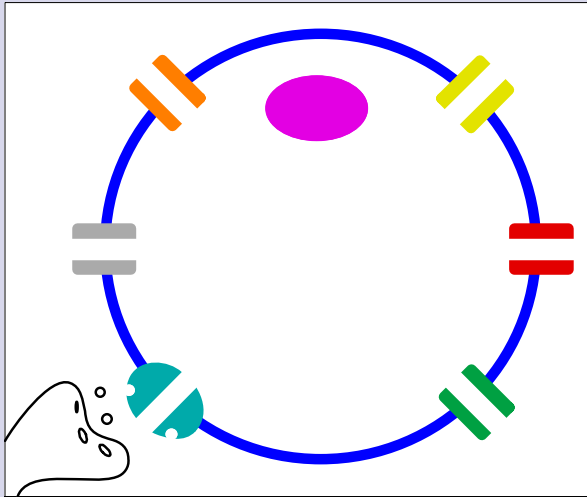
# Run Neuron Lab – neuron.exe

- ◆ 'r' key increases current to neuron
- ◆ 'shift' + 'r' decreases current
- ◆ 't' key increases neuron time constant
- ◆ 'shift' + 't' decreases time constant
- ◆ Try 'f4' if nothing happens (big board)





# Neuron engineering



Leak channels

AMPA channels

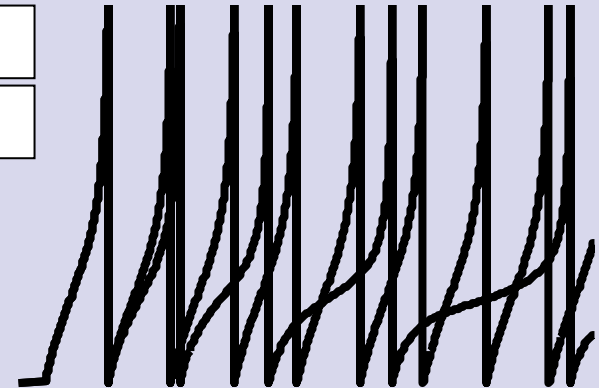
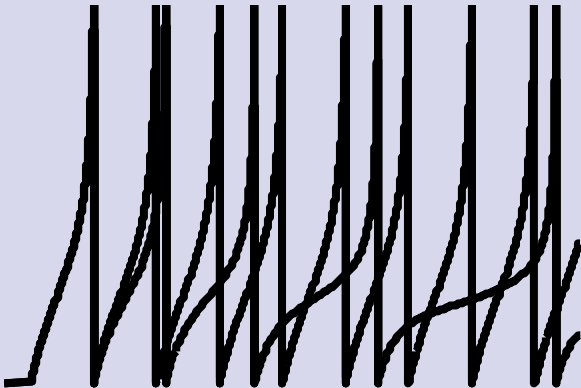
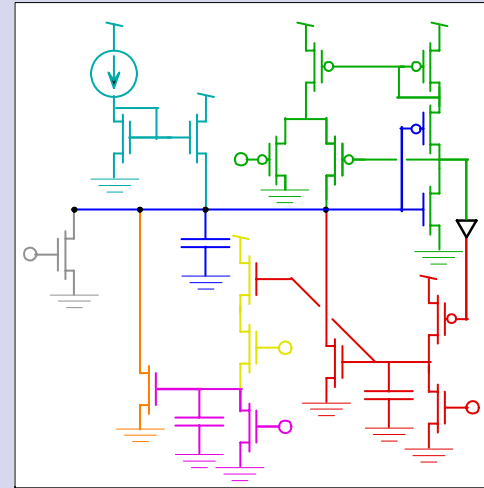
Na channels

K channels

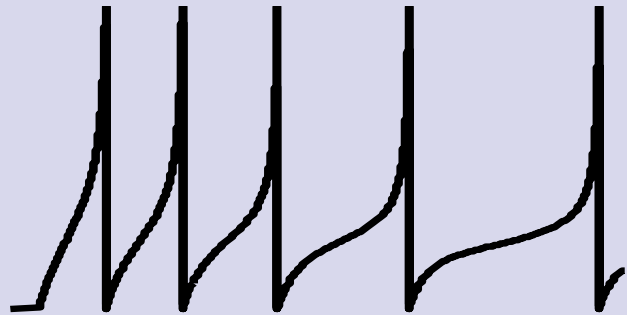
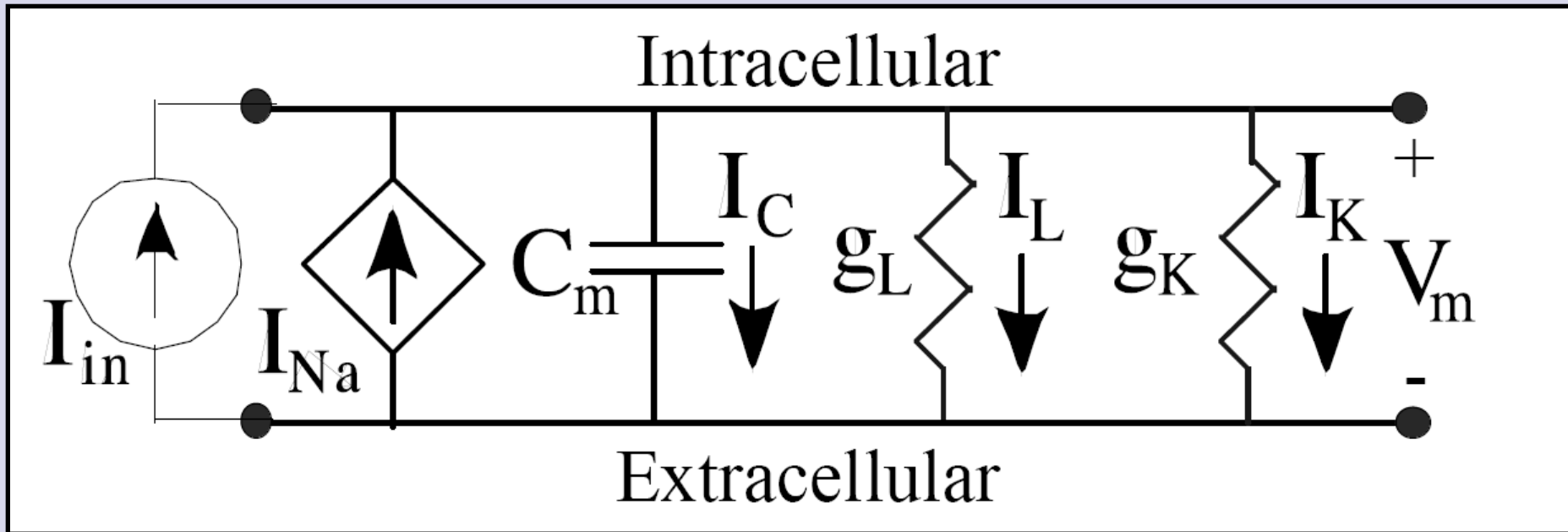
Ca channels

Ca buffers

K(Ca) channels



# Adaptive neuron

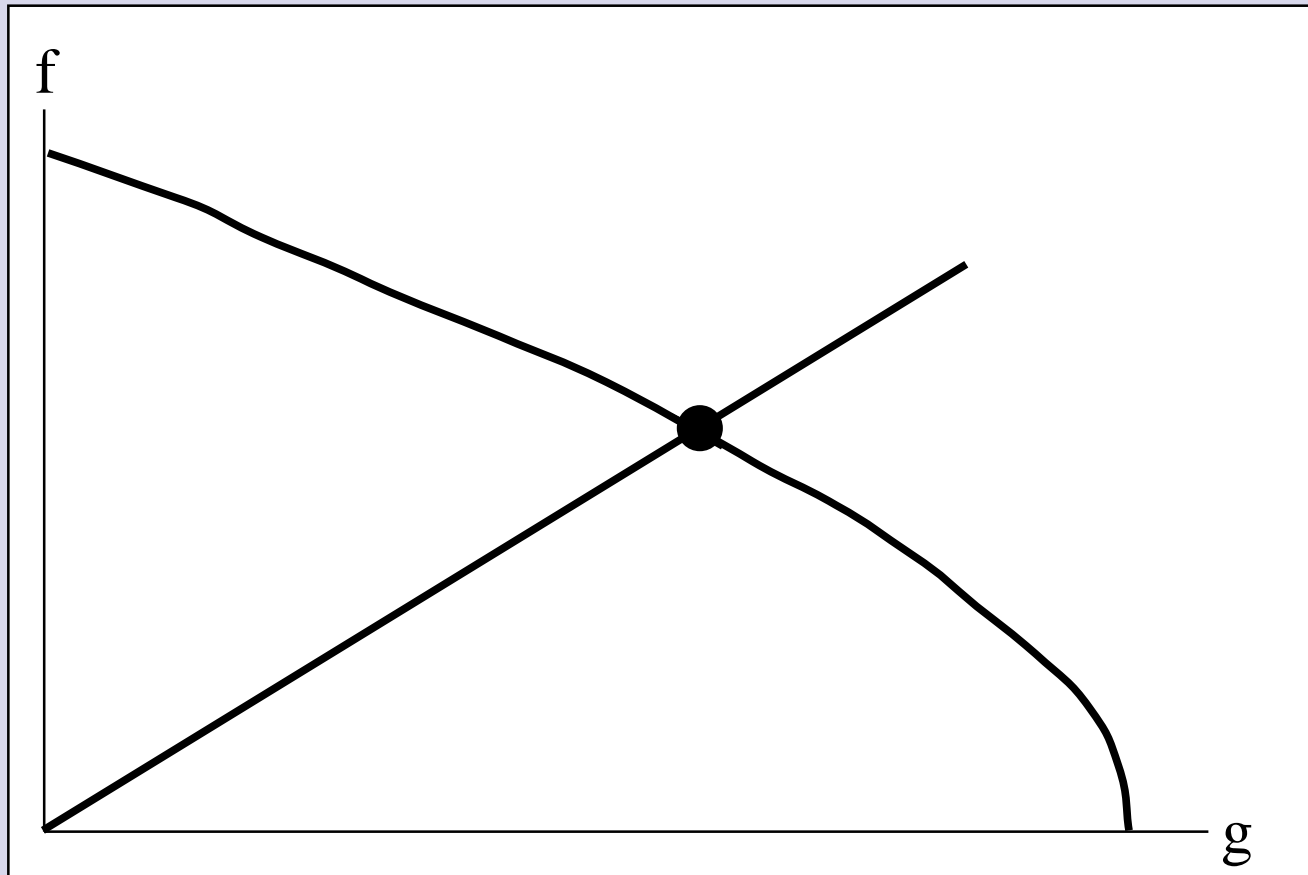


$$\tau \frac{dv}{dt} = -v(1 + g) + r + \frac{v^3}{3}$$

$$\tau_g \frac{dg}{dt} = -g$$

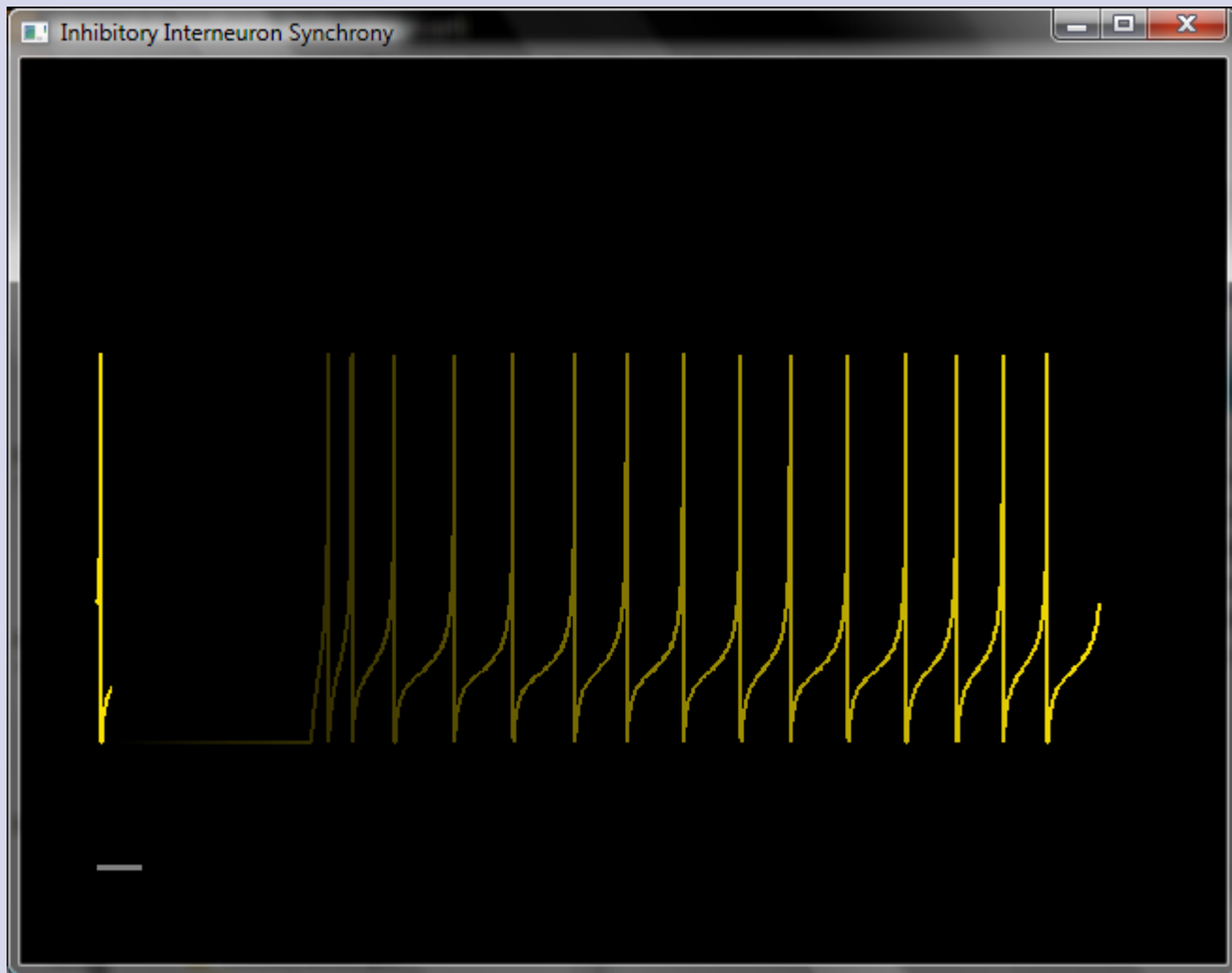
$$g \rightarrow g + \Delta g, t \rightarrow t_{spk}$$

# Adaptive neuron frequency

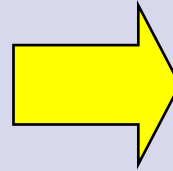
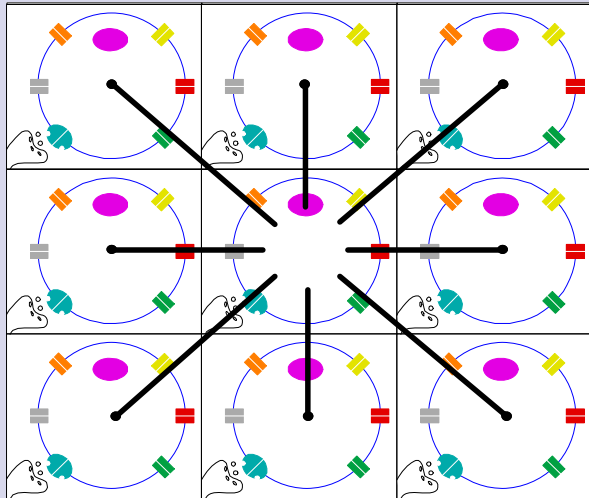


# Run Adapting Lab – adapting.exe

- ◆ 's' key turns on current step to neuron
- ◆ 'shift' + 's' turns off current
- ◆ 'g' key increases K<sup>+</sup> strength
- ◆ 'shift' + 'g' key decreases K<sup>+</sup>
- ◆ Try 'f4' if nothing happens (big board)



# Neuron engineering



Leak channels

AMPA channels

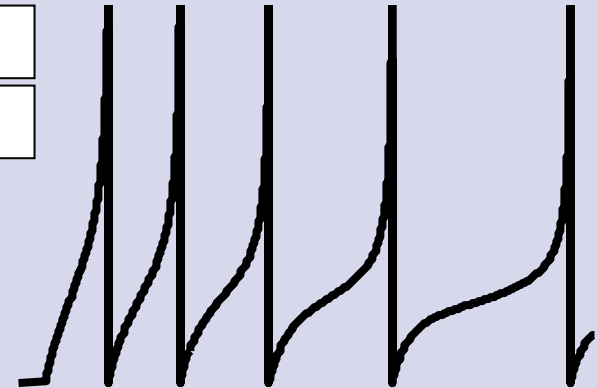
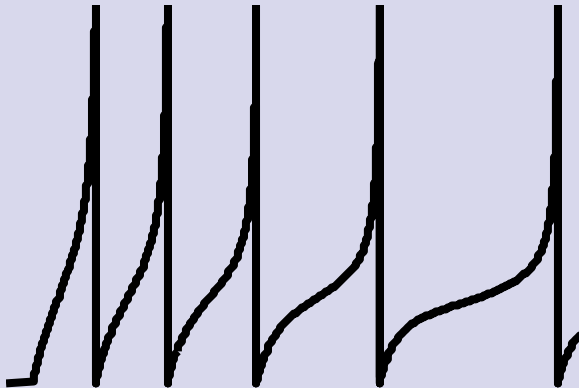
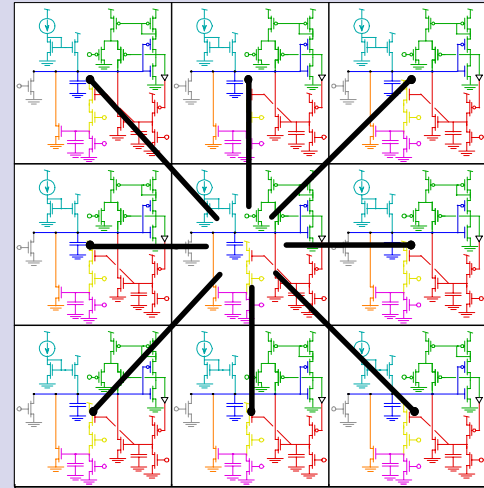
Na channels

K channels

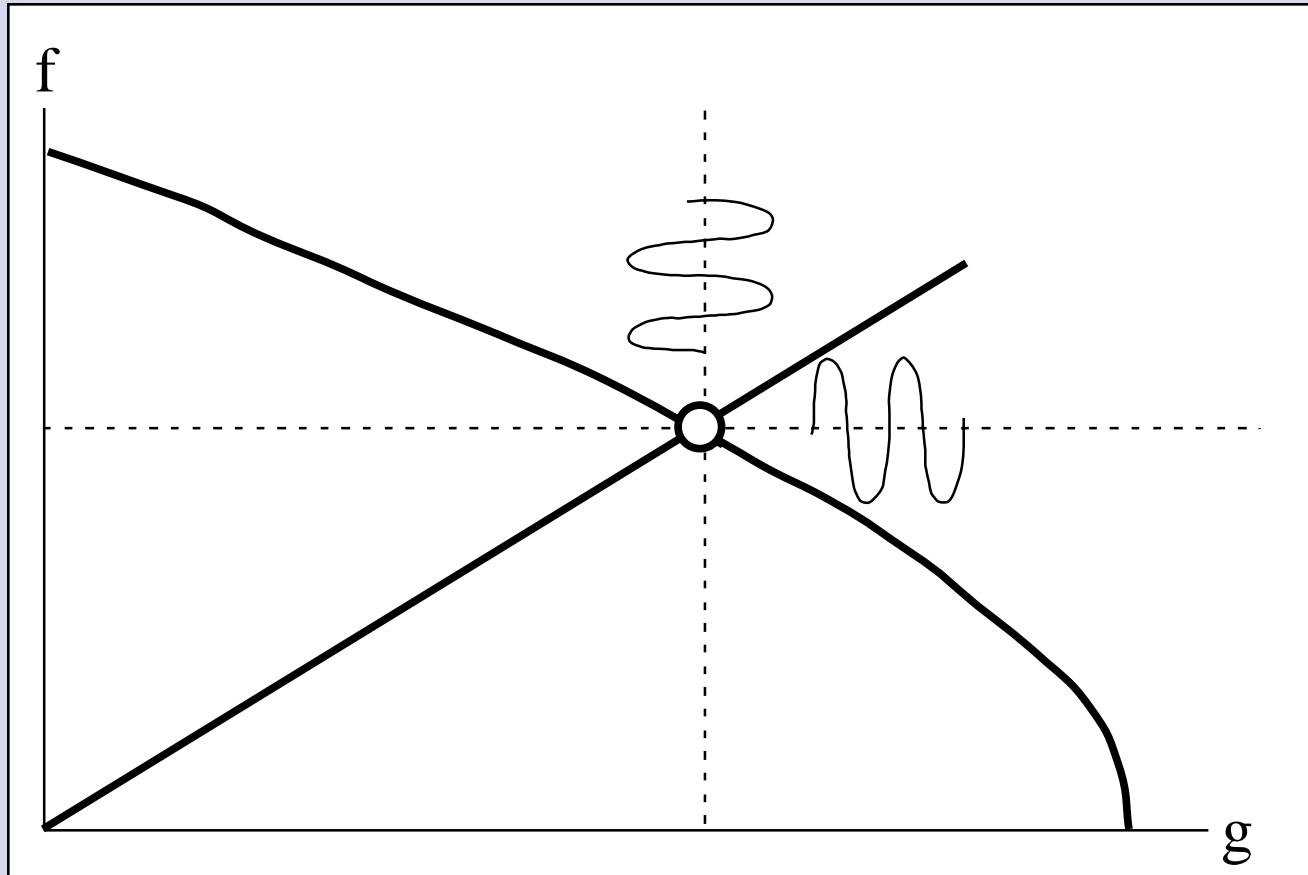
Ca channels

Ca buffers

K(Ca) channels



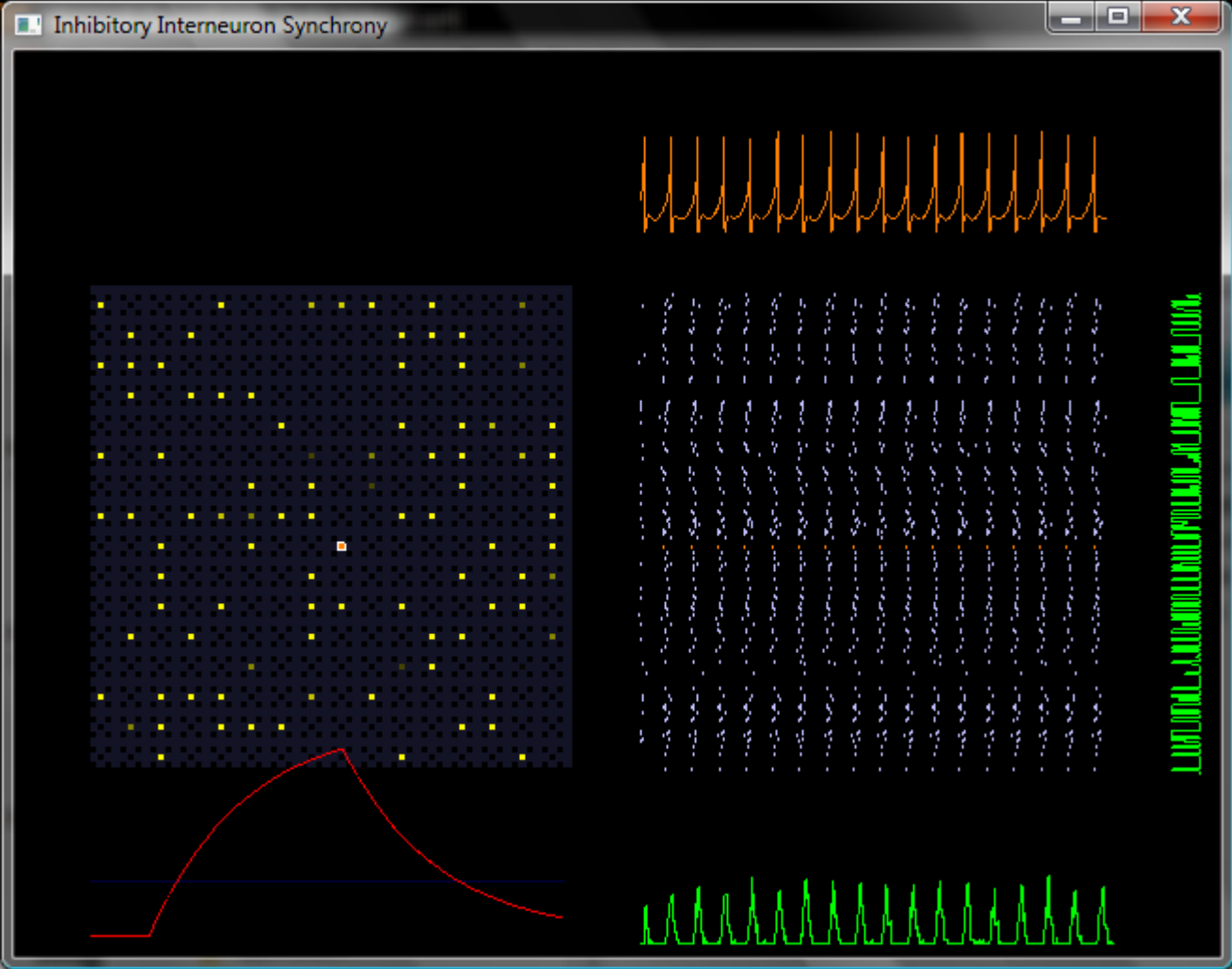
# Synchrony



# Run Synchrony Lab – synchrony.exe

- ◆ '+' key turns up inhibition
- ◆ '-' key turns down inhibition
- ◆ '→' key increases decay time
- ◆ '←' key decreases decay time
- ◆ '↑' key increases rise time
- ◆ '↓' key decreases rise time





# A future chip: Neurogrid

